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President KIM IL SUNG

Receives Kuwait MPs, Rwanda Military Del.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, on July 26 received the National Assembly delegation of the State of Kuwait.

Present on the occasion were the members of the delegation headed by Khaled Al-Ghuneim, Speaker of the National Assembly of the State of Kuwait.

Hwang Jang Yop, Chairman of the Standing Committee of the Supreme People's Assembly, and personage concerned Chon Myong Su were present there.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung had a talk with the guests in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

The head of the delegation courteously presented a gift of best wishes to the great leader.

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The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, on July 26 received the military delegation of the Republic of Rwanda.

Present on the occasion were the members of the delegation headed by Commandant Rusatira Leonidas, Member of the Political Commission of the Central Committee of the National Revolutionary Movement for Development of Rwanda and Director of the Cabinet of the Ministry of National Defence of the Republic of Rwanda.

On hand were General O Jin U, Minister of People's Armed Forces, and Lieutenant General Chang Jong Hwan of the Korean People's Army.

Nyandwi Tharcisse, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the Republic of Rwanda to our country, was also present there.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung had a conversation with the guests in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

(KCNA)

◀ President Kim Il Sung received on July 26 the National Assembly delegation of the State of Kuwait. (KCNA Radiophoto)

President KIM IL SUNG, Premier Pak Sung Chul Cable Chinese Leaders Sympathy

PYONGYANG, July 29 (KCNA)—The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and Comrade Pak Sung Chul, Premier of the Administration Council, sent a telegram of sympathy to Comrade Mao Tsetung, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China and Comrade Hua Kuo-feng, Premier of the State Council of the People's Republic of China in connection with the very great damages caused by a strong earthquake that occurred in the Tangshan-fengnan area in East Hopei Province of China.

The telegram of sympathy reads:

Upon hearing the news that very great damages were caused by a strong earthquake that occurred in the Tangshan-fengnan area in East Hopei Province of China on July 28, we, in the name of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, the Central People's Committee and the Administration Council of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the Korean people and in our own name, express deep sympathy and consolation to you and, through you, to the people in the stricken area.

We are firmly convinced that, under the wise leadership of Comrade Chairman Mao Tsetung and the Communist Party of China, the industrious and courageous Chinese people will rapidly recover from the damages brought by the earthquake and bring the life of the population of the stricken area to stabilisation by fully displaying the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance and hard work.

President KIM IL SUNG Condoles with Malagasy President

PYONGYANG, July 31 (KCNA)—The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, sent a telegram of condolence to Didier Ratsiraka, President of the Democratic Republic of Madagascar, upon the death of Joel Rakotomalala, Prime Minister of the Democratic Republic of Madagascar, and several other dignitaries by an unexpected accident.

The telegram of condolence reads:

Upon hearing the sad news that Prime Minister Joel Rakotomalala and several other dignitaries died by an unexpected accident in your country I, in the name of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the Korean people and in my own name, express deep condolence to Your Excellency and, through Your Excelency, to the Malagasy people and the bereaved families of the deceased.

Internat'l Forum on Juche to Be Held in Madagascar

—Seminars Held in Somalia, Norway, Denmark—

The DPRK's official news agency KCNA July 27 reports that "the International Scientific Symposium on the Juche Idea" will be held in Tananarive, Madagascar, in September this year. According to the reports from Pyongyang, seminars were held recently in Somalia, Norway, Denmark and other parts. Follow the summarized reports:

I firmly believe that "the International Scientific Symposium on the Juche Idea" to be held in Tananarive in September will let its attendants know that the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung pointed to a new revolutionary road ahead of mankind by convincing the people in the present times that man is a most powerful being.

When all people still groaning under the tyranny of outside forces, all countries under the rule of international imperialism and all nations which are deprived of their economy by capitalism, the exploiter, advance in unity, guided by the Juche idea, in the future, they will surely achieve victory in the case of all the toiling classes.

So stressed Lalen Xavier Michel Andrianarahinjaka, Minister in Charge of Ideology and Information of the Presidential Office of the Democratic Republic of Madagascar, who is Chairman of the Preparatory Committee of the International Scientific Symposium on the Juche Idea to be held in Madagascar in his speech at a banquet he arranged on the evening of July 26 at the People's Palace of Culture in connection with his visit to our country.

Addressing the banquet, Li Chang Son, Minister of Culture and Art, said that the fruitful visit of the chairman and his party to our country will help toward the success of the symposium slated in Madagascar.

The attendants of the banquet which proceeded in a friendly atmosphere raised glasses to the success of "the International Scientific Symposium on the Juche Idea," to the eternal friendship and unity between the peoples of Korea and Madagascar, to the good health and long life of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and to the good health and long life of His Excellency President Didier Ratsiraka.

An inaugural meeting of the "group for the study of the Juche idea of Comrade Kim Il Sung" was held on June 16 in Arendal, a local city of Norway.

A speaker at the meeting stressed that the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung founded the Juche idea, brilliantly embodied it in the Korean revolution and the Juche idea is the great guiding idea of the present time.

The speaker said with emphasis:

The Juche idea founded by Comrade Kim Il Sung is a guiding idea throughout the world.

The socialist system of Korea is the most genuine socialist system and Korea's experiences in socialism are worthy of emulation for us.

Therefore, we should make a deeper study of the Juche idea of the President and carry it into practice. This is precisely our aim in organizing the "group for the study of the Juche idea of Comrade Kim Il Sung."

A seminar of the members of the "group for the study of the idea of Kim Il Sung" of Rwandans in Africa on "On the Occasion of the 30th Anniversary of the Foundation of the Workers' Party of Korea," an immortal classic work of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung was held on June 5.

A seminar on "The Non-Alignment Movement is a Mighty Anti-Imperialist Revolutionary Force of Our Times," an immortal classic work of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, was recently held in the "Kim Il Sung Library" in Mogadiscio, the capital of Somalia.

The Denmark-the Democratic People's Republic of Korea Friendship Association recently organized a seminar on the talk of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung with the editor-in-chief of the Japanese politico-theoretical magazine "Sekai."

Hung in place of honour at the hall was a portrait of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

A letter to the great leader was unanimously adopted amid a storm applause of the attendants at the seminar.

The seminar was attended by Christen Amby, Chairman of the Denmark-DPRK Friendship Association; Karin Ringby Christensen, chief of the "publishing committee of the works on the Juche idea of Comrade Kim Il Sung" in Denmark; and members of the friendship association and the publishing committee of the works.

At the seminar the chairman of the friendship association made a report on the subject "significance of the proposal for Korea's reunification advanced by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung at the talk with the editor-in-chief of the Japanese politico-theoretical magazine 'Sekai'" and secretary of the friendship association Anders Christensen on the subject "the present relations with the DPRK and the hostile policy of the Japanese authorities towards the Korean citizens in Japan." The chief of the publishing committee of the works also made a report on publishing and disseminating "Talk with the Editor-in-Chief of the Japanese Politico-Theoretical Magazine 'Sekai'", an immortal classic work of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

After the reports speeches were made on the immortal classic work of the great leader.

The attendants of the seminar expressed full support to the great leader's policy of Korean reunification and voiced firm solidarity with the struggle of the Korean people to reunify the country.

DPRK Government Warns in Its Statement:

US Buildup Completed, New Korean War Imminent

PYONGYANG, Aug. 5 (KCNA)—The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea issued a statement on August 5 in connection with the fact that the U.S. imperialists and the south Korean puppet clique, who have been stepping up preparations for war to invade the northern half of the DPRK, have now finished war preparations and are going over to the adventurous machination to directly ignite the fuse of war.

The statement says:

The long-standing tensions in Korea have now reached an acute stage as never before and the Korean people are faced with the critical situation in which war may break out at any moment.

The United States and the south Korean authorities, who have been stepping up preparations for war to invade the northern half of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, have now finished war preparations and are going over to the adventurous machination to directly ignite the fuse of war.

At present the U.S. army units and south Korean puppet army units fully combat-ready, have been moved and massed in the front line areas on a large scale and an order has been issued to all the army units for round-the-clock "combat-readiness."

The frontline units of the U.S. army and the south Korean puppet army have been deployed in battle order for attack and the divisional headquarters of all branches of arms and services which are to be in charge of the "forestalling attack" battles are moving to the areas adjacent to the Military Demarcation Line.

A "war-time system" has been proclaimed throughout south Korea and military drills and "war-time mobilization exercises" are being conducted every day.

The frontline units have been supplied with rocket shells and all sorts of ammunitions for attacking weapons, in quantities far more exceeding the fixed round for battle, brought into south Korea from the large-size ammunition arsenals in Japan.

In the U.S. military bases in the U.S. mainland, the Japanese mainland, the Pacific and Okinawa, strategic bombers loaded with nuclear weapons and large-size transport aircraft with a full cargo of military equipment are ready to fly to the Korean front at any moment.

The American war-like brasshats are boasting that they will "annihilate" us "at the first battle" with the mobilization of "large-scale war potentialities" and occupy the whole of Korea through a five-day bombing of and a four-day "northward march" into the northern half of the Republic.

All this is an act that the imperialists can commit only on the eve of the provocation of an aggressive war and reminds one of the situation in 1950 when the United States provoked the Korean war.

The U.S. imperialists have long pushed ahead with adventurous war preparations against the Korean people.

Particularly after it had been ignominiously defeated in and driven out of Indochina, the United States directed the spearhead of its Asian aggression to Korea and openly declared south Korea its "forward defense zone," and has been accelerating preparations for war against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea on a fuller scale, while introducing more and more quantities of nuclear weapons and other up-to-date mass-destruction weapons into south Korea.

The United States has not only reinforced its armed forces occupying south Korea but also strengthened the U.S. army and the south Korean puppet troops with various latest-types of weapons.

The tactical fighter flying corps and military personnel evacuated from Vietnam and Thailand with "actual war experiences" have also been concentrated in south Korea.

The United States has moved the strategic bombers and large-size arms in Guam to the Okinawa base in Japan and has put the U.S. air forces based in Okinawa and the armed forces of the U.S. 7th fleet in the Pacific on the alert for involvement in the Korean war. It also has established a "transport system" to bring urgently nuclear bombs and armed forces from the U.S. mainland to the Korean front in a trans-pacific non-stop flight.

Sometime ago it rigged up what is called "U.S.-Japan defence consultative sub-committee" at the "U.S.-Japan security consultative meeting" and thus took measures to involve the Japanese "self-defence forces" in the Korean war and virtually set up a "U.S.-Japan-south Korea joint military operational system."

The U.S. troops occupying south Korea and the south Korean puppet army, in combination with the U.S. armed forces mobilized from the U.S. mainland and Okinawa, have ceaselessly conducted large-scale clamourous war exercises with the Democratic People's Republic of Korea as the target of attack, and have frequently committed acts of military provocations along the Military Demarcation Line.

All facts show that after such long preparations for war, the United States is, at last, going over to the stage of direct provocation of war from the stage of war preparations.

Unless the war menace by the United States is checked now, it will be impossible to prevent the outbreak of war in the Korean Peninsula; once a war breaks out in Korea, it will be easily expanded into a world war.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Korean people scathingly denounce the United States and the south Korean authorities for their reckless war provocation manoeuvres as a vicious criminal act seriously menacing peace in Korea, Asia and, further, the world, and appeal to the governments and peoples of all peace-loving countries the world over to pay deep attention to the dangerous war provocation machinations committed by the United States in Korea and condemn them in strong terms.

The war provocation manoeuvres perpetrated by the United States against the Korean people are linked with its aggressive wild dream to block the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea, conquer the whole of Korea and maintain its domination over Asia by all means with Korea as a stepping-stone.

The U.S. imperialists and their lackeys have clamoured about the fictitious "threat of southward aggression" in an attempt to cover up their criminal war preparation manoeuvrings.

But the present development of situation more clearly proves that the U.S. imperialists are none other than the criminals who are aggravating the tensions in Korea and trying to unleash an aggressive war.

Today the danger of war in Korea is caused not by the "threat of southward aggression" from the north but by the threat of northward aggression from the south.

It is not that we are threatening south Korea but that the U.S. imperialists are threatening us.

Peace in Korea is maintained only by the persevering, peace-loving efforts on the part of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Of course, the Korean people do not want war. But the Korean people are never afraid of war. If the enemy provokes an aggressive war at last in spite of the repeated warnings of the Korean people and the peace-loving peoples of the world, the Korean people will resolutely answer it with a just war and annihilate the aggressors to the last man.

We seriously warn the U.S. authorities to look straightly at the realities and not to run recklessly.

The U.S. authorities, though leading the situation to the brink of war in one hand, are jabbering about the so-called "talks" of the parties concerned, on the other hand. This is a delaying tactics to hamper the implementation of the just resolution on the Korean question adopted at the 30th Session of the UN General Assembly and it is nothing else but a smoke-screen to camouflage their true colours as criminals who are aggravating the tensions in Korea and creating a danger of war.

If the United States truly wants peace in Korea and the peaceful solution of the Korean question, it should, first of all, take its blood-stained hands of intervention off Korea.

In order to ease the extremely aggravated tensions today in Korea and remove the danger of new war, maintain peace and accelerate the peaceful reunification of the country, the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea states as follows, proceeding from its consistent, peace-loving policy:

The United States should stop at once all its acts of new war provocation and aggression against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and immediately withdraw mass-destruction weapons and military equipment including nuclear weapons introduced into south Korea.

The United States should give up its "two Koreas" plot and implement the resolution of the 30th Session of the UN General Assembly on dissolving the "UN Command", withdrawing all the foreign troops stationed in south Korea under the United Nations flag and replacing the armistice agreement with a peace agreement.

And Korea's reunification must be realized by the Korean people themselves without the interference of any outside forces, through a great national congress extensively reflecting the will of the whole nation, in accordance with the three principles of independence, peaceful reunification and great national unity clarified in the north-south joint statement.

The conscience of the world wants peace in Korea and its reunification and opposes war and division.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Korean people are convinced that the governments and peoples of all the peace-loving countries of the world will pay due attention to the critical situation created in Korea and render active support to our fair and reasonable stand for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country.

War will be prevented in Korea, peace be preserved and the reunification of Korea be accelerated, when the peace-loving forces of the whole world expose and condemn the United States and the south Korean puppets for their new war provocation manoeuvres and more actively support the just struggle of the Korean people for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country.

Pyongyang Women Mark 30th Anniv. of Sex Equality

PYONGYANG (KCNA)—A grand report meeting marking the 30th anniversary of the promulgation of the historic Law on Equality of the Sexes instituted by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung was held on July 29 at the People's Palace of Culture.

Put up with due respect on the platform of the meeting place was a portrait of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung who is wisely leading our people and women along the road of victory and glory.

Hung on the walls of the meeting place were the slogans "Long Live the Great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and "Long Live the Glorious Workers' Party of Korea!" and a streamer reading "May the Great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung Enjoy a Long Life in Good Health."

The meeting place was packed with women of broad sections in the city and women soldiers of the Korean People's Army.

Invited there were wives of diplomatic envoys and women staffers of embassies of various countries in Pyongyang and foreign guests staying in our country.

The platform was taken by Comrades Kim Dong Gyu, Kang Ryang Uk, Pak Sung Chul, O Jin U, So Chol, Rim Chun Chu, Yang Hyong Sop, Chong Jun Gi and Hwang Jang Yop, responsible functionaries of working people's organizations, women functionaries of central organs, functionaries of the Korean Democratic Women's Union, women anti-Japanese revolutionary fighters and women labour innovators.

Letters of thanks to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung from women and women organizations of all levels of industrial establishments, cooperative farms and educational, cultural, public health and other institutions throughout the country were presented to Comrade Kim Dong Gyu by representatives of the women of various sections amid a stormy applause of the attendants at the meeting.

The platform of the report meeting held in Pyongyang on July 29, commemorating the 30th anniversary of the promulgation of the Law on Equality of the Sexes (KCNA adiop hoto)

Chairman Speaks

Kim Song Ae, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Korean Democratic Women's Union, made a report.

In her report Chairman Kim Song Ae said that the respected and beloved leader propounded a unique idea and theory for the solution of the women's problem and has wisely led the women's liberation movement of our country along the road of victory since he embarked upon the road of revolution.

The great leader brilliantly formulated the tasks for the women's emancipation in the stage of the anti-imperialist, anti-feudal democratic revolution in the Ten-Point Programme of the Association for the Restoration of the Fatherland which he worked out in person in the period of the anti-Japanese armed struggle, she said, and stressed: The brilliant revolutionary tradition of the women's movement of our country was established in the course of the anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle.

Noting that after liberation the respected and beloved leader founded the Korean Democratic Women's Union and promulgated the Law on Equality of the Sexes as a part of democratic reforms, she said:

The promulgation of the Law on Equality of the Sexes was a revolutionary event which brought about a new turn in realizing the social emancipation of the women and developing the women's movement in our country.

Great Model Of Women's Emancipation

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has taught:

"...The Law on Equality of the Sexes emancipated the women in north Korea from thousands of years of humiliation and ill-treatment, and a twofold and threefold oppression, enabling them to enjoy equal rights with men and work actively in all spheres of politics, economy and culture."

The institution of the Law on Equality of the Sexes made our women a powerful driving force vigorously pushing ahead with social development, makers of the history of a new society.

The Law on Equality of the Sexes which was enforced for the first time in the East thanks to the respected and beloved leader set a great model of women's emancipation for the world people and gives great encouragement still today to the world progressive women fighting for democratic rights and freedom and for the victory of the women's movement.

Saying that the task of the women's emancipation in the stage of the democratic revolution was brilliantly carried out thanks to the enforcement of the Law on Equality of the Sexes, the reporter pointed out: The women's problem in the stage of the socialist revolution was successfully solved because the respected and beloved leader put forward the policy of socialist cooperativization and triumphantly led the work of transforming the old relations of production in town and country along socialist lines.

At the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea the respected and beloved leader put forward a new policy of the women's movement for revolutionizing and working-classizing the women and freeing them from the heavy burdens of household chores for the final solution of the women's problem, she declared.

This policy set forth by the respected and beloved leader, she stressed, is a great programme of the women's emancipation giving an all-round exposition of the basic direction and content of the women's movement and the ways for the final solution of the women's problem after the establishment of the socialist system.

Saying that it is one of the important tasks in the solution of the women's problem to free the women from the heavy burdens of household chores, the reporter stated: This policy is a unique policy meeting the demand of the great Juche idea on valuing people most in the world, attaching the greatest importance to people in everything and making it serve them. This is associated with the deep benevolence of the great leader.

Pointing out that the great idea of the respected and beloved leader on the final solution of the women's problem is being successfully translated into practice in our country, she stressed: The enforcement of the Law on Nursing and Education of Children instituted by the respected and beloved leader was an event of historic significance in nursing and educating the rising generation and in the solution of the women's problem.

She noted that today the proportion of women is 48 per cent in the composition of labour force in our national economy, women account for 33 per cent of the deputies to power organs of all levels and a large number of women are working at responsible posts of state and society.

She stressed that the social status of the women has been radically improved and their position and role have markedly risen entirely because the great leader propounded a unique idea on women's emancipation, wisely led the women's movement and showed love and solicitude for the women. She extended the highest honor and deepest gratitude to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

Fighting Tasks

Chairman Kim Song Ae referred to the fighting tasks to realize the women's emancipation, tasks put forward by the respected and beloved leader at the Fifth Congress of the Party.

Noting that to successfully carry out the three revolutions, ideological, technical and cultural, is a basic guarantee for the complete solution of the women's problem, she pointed to tasks to it.

All the women must keep themselves in a strained and mobilized posture in conformity with the demands of the prevailing situation, she said.

Referring to the struggle of the south Korean women against the U.S. imperialists and their stooges, she emphasized that the south Korean women should wage a more valiant struggle for the democratization of south Korean society and the independent and peaceful reunification of the country.

The Korean women in Japan should wage a staunch struggle to defend the democratic, national rights, safeguard the socialist homeland and promote the independent reunication of the country under the ray of the Juche idea, she stressed.

She declared: The women of our country should keep up a vigorous struggle to develop the international women's movement and strengthen solidarity with the progressive women of the world.

A letter of pledge to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great leader of our Party and our people, was adopted amid a thunderous applause at the meeting.

The attendants of the meeting adopted a letter to the south Korean women.

The report meeting was followed by a national women's art circle performance.

Similar report meetings were held in provinces (municipalities under direct jurisdiction), cities (districts), and counties.

Papers dedicate editorials to this anniversary.

(Subtitles are ours....Ed.)

DPRK Boxers Win Gold and Silver

Young boxers of our country gave a good account of themselves in their bouts with world top-notch boxers and carried off a gold and a silver medals in the bantamweight and light flyweight boxing events in the 21st Olympics held in Montreal, Canada, according to a report.

In the bantamweight event our boxer KuYong Jo defeated Romanian and Bulgarian boxers in the preliminaries. In the quarter finals he scored a unanimous points decision (5:0) over a Thai boxer.

He defeated a British opponent in the semi-finals, finishing his bout with swift and precise sequences of blows.

The final contest with a U.S. boxer on July 31 was a very fierce bout.

The U.S. boxer was a strong rival who defeated an Egyptian boxer in the preliminaries, a south Korean boxer in the quarter-finals and a Soviet boxer in the semi-finals.

The stadium with 5,000 seats was packed to capacity with spectators who came to watch the boxing finals. Among them were thousands of Americans who gathered to encourage their boxer.

Conditions were unfavourable to our boxer in many respects.

The bout was close from the first round, the two boxers exchanging blows.

In the second round our boxer Ku Yong Jo launched a flurry of heavy blows to down his opponent with a single punch. Overpowered by the successive heavy blows, the U.S. opponent gave up attack and barely defended himself. He covered his face with two gloves not to be knocked down. The issue was virtually decided in the second round.

In the third round the boisterous Americans stopped cheering up.

Ku Yong Jo staged a storming finish, driving the U.S. rival time and again back on to the ropes and hammering him with heavy blows. The American boxer clung to the arm of Ku Yong Jo but could not dodge his successive and accurate, heavy blows.

All five judges gave the decision to our boxer Ku Yong Jo. Thus he became the world's strongest bantamweight boxer.

AFP reported that Korea's southpaw Ku Yong Jo gave Asia its first and only boxing gold medal in the current Olympics by scoring a unanimous 5:0 points decision over Charles Mooney of hte United States in their bantamweight contest.

Our boxer Ku Yong Jo defeated five world top-notch boxers and came first in the bantamweight event, demonstrating the honour of Juche Korea once again to the whole world.

Our boxer Li Byong Uk also scored good result. He downed the Canadian opponent in the first round and defeated Polish and Venezuelan boxers. He knocked down a Thai boxer in the second round in the semi-finals.

Li Byong Uk carried off a silver medal in the light flyweight boxing event.

The shining successes scored by our boxers in the 21st Olympics are a demonstration of the firm determination of our revolutionary sportsmen to be boundlessly loyal to the great leader and the Central Committee of the Party.

The Olympic delegation of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea headed by Kim Yu Sun, Chairman of the Korean Physical Culture and Sports Guidance Committee and Chairman of the DPRK Olympic Committee, returned home on Aug. 4 by special plane after participating in the 21st Olympics.

Sportsmen in Pyongyang put garlands around the necks of Ku Yong Jo and Li Byong Uk, warmly congratulating them on their successes.

The delegation was cordially met by Comrade Chong Jun Gi and personages concerned. (KCNA)

DPRK boxer Ku Yong Jo won an Olympic gold by outpointing the U.S. rival.

20 Years of Primary Compulsory Education

August 1 is a day when universal primary compulsory education was enforced in our country.

In 1956, 20 years ago, the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung saw to it that the universal primary compulsory education, the first compulsory education system of epochal significance in the development of popular education in our country, was enforced though the war wounds were yet to be healed and the situation of the country was difficult.

This was the first fruit of the brilliant education program on enforcing compulsory free education in our spoken and written language conceived and matured personally by the great leader in the flames of the anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle. This was also a proud milestone in the development of education in our country.

In 1958, two years later, our country became the first in Asia to enforce the universal seven-year secondary compulsory education. And in 1959 universal free education from primary school to higher educational institution was proclaimed, with the result that word "tuition fees" was removed from our vocabulary.

In conformity with the new requirements of the socialist construction for realising the industrialisation of the country and powerfully expediting the technical and cultural revolutions, our new generation enjoyed the benefits of the universal nine-year compulsory technical education from 1967.

And since September 1 last year the historic universal eleven-year compulsory education has been in force throughout the country.

Over the last 20 years popular education has made a dazzling development. The world people call our country "a country of education" and "a country of learning."

Today our country has 4,700 primary schools, 4,100 senior middle schools, more than 600 higher specialized schools, over 150 universities and colleges and upwards of 60,000 nurseries and kindergartens.

This is a great change brought about in this country which had not a single university or a nursery and could not produce even a single pencil and 80 per cent of whose population were illiterate at the time of the Japanese imperialist colonial rule.

4,700,000 youth and children studying at schools of various levels from primary schools to senior middle schools, higher specialized schools and universities and colleges, 3,500,000 children growing up in nurseries and kindergartens and more than 200,000 teachers, one for every 25 students and pupils—these figures show the deep love of the fatherly leader who founded the immortal Juche idea and has put his heart and soul into the work of educating the rising generation from the very day he embarked upon the road of revolution.

Amid this warm love a commuters train carrying 19 children of lumberjacks is running through the fellers' villages in the northern region of the country and a school was built for 16 children in a remote islet.

The brilliant education policy of the great leader has produced one million contingent of intellectuals in this land.

The working people of our country are now vigorously marching forward to realise the intellectualisation of the whole society, studying, working and living, establishing the revolutionary habit of studying under the slogan "Let the Whole Party, Whole Country and Whole People Study!" (KCNA)

Korean Women: North & South

Thirty years have passed since our people who had lived as a homogeneous nation in one territory for thousands of years were separated in the north and the south. In this period the women in the north and the south have travelled two diametrically opposite roads.

Equal Rights in North

The women in the northern half of the Republic are living in infinite glory and happiness, looking up to respected and beloved Comrade Kim Il Sung as the fatherly leader; they have become social working women who restored genuine human rights and dignity and enjoy an independent and creative life under the advanced socialist system established by the great leader.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has taught:

"In our country today the women are turning one wheel of the revolution."

Under the wise leadership and fatherly love of the great leader our women are giving full play to their talents and wisdom in the political, economic and cultural life of the country and powerfully turning one of the two wheels of the revolution.

The proportion of women in the labour composition of our national economy is as high as 48 per cent. They are making a great contribution to the socialist revolution and construction enjoying equal freedom and rights with men in all domains of the national economy. Among them there are 162,567 women specialists, engineers and assistant engineers. There are also many women who are doing responsible work in different fields of the national economy and scientific and cultural realms.

In the agricultural field there are more than 900 chairwomen of the management boards of cooperative farms, 32 of them Labour Heroines of the Republic.

In our country 113 women are working as Deputies to the Supreme People's Assembly and 6,935 as Deputies to local People's Assemblies of all levels.

The women of our country are provided with every condition to participate in social activities to their satisfaction.

Our country has now more than 60,000 well-furnished nurseries and kindergartens where 3,500,000 children are growing up in happiness at state and public expense.

The adoption of the Law on Nursing and Education of the Children at the Sixth Session of the Fifth Supreme People's Assembly enabled our women to participate more actively in the socialist construction, freed even from the slightest burden of raising their children.

Our women enjoy 77-day paid maternity leave and mothers with three babies and more receive wages for eight hours while working 6 hours.

The fatherly leader saw to it that various service networks were set up and high-quality processed foodstuff and kitchen utensils produced in large quantities to markedly lessen the household chores of the women.

Today the women in the northern half of the Republic are raising higher the flames of creation and innovation at all posts of revolution and construction with ardent loyalty to the fatherly leader who gave them the most precious political life and brought them a worthy life and happiness.

Forsaken in South

But, the south Korean women are forsaken in society, deprived of elementary democratic freedoms and right to existence due to the colonial policy of the U.S. imperialists and the anti-popular acts of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

Only 6 to 7 per cent of the south Korean women have jobs. And they receive less wages than those of men workers, which are no more than one fifth of the minimun living costs, for the mere reason that they are women.

The women workers in the south Korean fibre and manufacturing industries are paid only 45 per cent of wages of men workers and the women workers in the "service field" only 49 per cent though they do the same work with men workers.

Eighty per cent of the south Korean women workers are suffering from chronic occupational diseases.

A woman in the northern half of the Republic who gave birth to triplets was moved to tears upon receiving gifts sent by the fatherly leader to the babies. But, a woman living in Taemyong dong, Taegu, North Kyongsang Province of south Korea, who gave birth to triplets had to abandon her babies on the road, unable to raise them.

The U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are ruthlessly trampling underfoot everything beautiful of the Korean women, imposing all kinds of national humiliation and maltreatment.

Nearly 400,000 women are walking street in south Korea and their number is increasing day by day.

Puppet Pak Jung Hi, the faithful running dog of the U.S. imperialists, is feathering his own nest at the expense of women, openly calling them a "means of earning foreign currency."

This arch traitor is encouraging "prostitution tourism" as a "state business" and selling off a large number of south Korean women as life slaves to the United States, Canada, West Germany, Japan and many other countries.

Indeed, the south Korean women are subjected to unbearable humiliation and maltreatment to undergo all sorts of sufferings.

For the south Korean women to get rid of the present miserable plight and enjoy a free and happy life like the women in the northern half of the Republic, they must rise up as one in the sacred struggle against fascism and for democracy and for national reunificacion. (KCNA)

Women in the north are bringing up their children under the care of state free from any worry.

South Koreanare forced to engage in Kisaeng prostitution by the Pak Jung Hi clique.

Korean children under the universal compulsory 11-year education system

Non-Aligned Nations' Struggle for New Int'l Econ. Order

The great leader President Kim Il Sung said:

"The third world peoples are dynamically waging a collective, joint struggle to destroy the old international economic order fixed by the imperialists at will and establish a new international order that will conform with the will and interests of the third world peoples and the peace-loving people throughout the world, foil all the imperialist policies of plunder and blackmail and to safeguard their national sovereignty and natural resources."

The third world people, oppressed and plundered by the capitalists and imperialists for centuries, have risen courageously and appeared as masters of history.

The appearance of the third world has opened a new, glorious epoch in the history of the Asian, African and Latin American peoples, once humiliated and oppressed, and brought about radical changes in the development of human history and world revolution.

Today the third world people, putting a firm faith in the idea of independence, the ideal of our era, never allow others to subjugate them or to trample underfoot their national dignity, and strongly demand an end to all kinds of inequality and subjugation in the international economic relations.

The struggle of the third world people to change the old order in the international economic relations and fairly settle international economic issues is now deepening in all spheres.

The third world countries call for the equality and independence of all nations, the people's right to self-determination and each country's permanent sovereignty of its natural resources and all domestic economic activities. They strongly demand the equal right in the settlement of world economic issues, a reform of the present international currency system in conformity with the interests of the developing countries and the change of the unfair, unreasonable trade relations of the developing countries and the imperialists, and they are vigorously fighting to realize them.

The third world people resolutely struggle to destroy the old unequal and predatory international economic relations set up by the imperialists in their favour and establish new international economic relations based on equality and independence. This shows convincingly that the unanimous desire of the third world people for defending their national sovereignty and interests and achieving the prosperity and development of their countries is growing stronger and stronger.

The third world countries' claim for their say in their own matters and for the destruction of the old unequal and shackling international economic order fully conforms to the present-day world trend towards independent development, and it is an exercise of their legitimate sovereignty, which no one can stop them from.

The U.S.-led imperialists have fattened on the exploitation of peoples and the plunder of resources on the Asian, African and Latin American continents which make up 71 per cent of the land surface of the earth inhabited by more than two-thirds of the world population and have inexhaustible resources. The imperialists and international monopolies established the extremely unequal international economic order in their favour, which has brought and brings untold miseries and losses on the third world people.

U.S. imperialism, the biggest international exploiter, made 40,000 million dollars of profits from the petroleum-producing countries of the third world for the years from the termination of World War II to 1972 and squeezed 14,273 million dollars of profits out of Latin America between 1963 and 1972 through private capital investments.

The U.S. imperialists plunder strategic resources from Latin America at cheap prices—99.8 per cent of bauxite imported, 99.5 per cent of tin, 60.6 per cent of zinc and 63.9 per cent of sulfur.

During nearly 20 years after World War II, they took away from the African continent various industrial raw materials worth 7,500 million dollars, and now plunder a vast amount of industrial raw materials every year.

The third world countries are suffering great losses from the unequal trade relations imposed upon them by the U.S.-led imperialists. The developing countries suffered 122,269 million dollars of losses from unequal exchange from 1951 to 1972. The U.S.-led imperialist reactionary forces' policies of aggression and plunder are a main obstacle to social progress in the third world countries and they are the source of the miseries and suffering of their peoples.

That is why the third world people strongly demand an end to the imperialists' arbitrary plunder and all sorts of inequality and subordinating relations.

The struggle of the third world people to establish a new international economic order is now expanding into a collective, joint struggle attended with practical action, dealing the imperialists heavy blows one after another.

During the fourth Middle East war the Arab countries laid an embargo on oil export to the imperialist countries which supported the Israeli aggressors, dealing a telling blow to the imperialists plundering petroleum. In particular the Sixth Special Session of the UN General Assembly on the Problem of Raw Materials and Development convened at the initiative of the Algerian Democratic and People's Republic and with the support and approval of more than 100 countries marked an important occasion in developing the joint struggle of the third world countries to set up a new international economic order. The session adopted a "declaration on the establishment of a new international economic order" and "programme of action" reflecting the interests of the third world countries, in spite of all manner of obstructions of the imperialists. This shook to the core the old international economic order with which the imperialists had sacrificed the interests of the third world people.

At the UN Conference on Sea Laws held in 1974 the third world countries waged a resolute joint struggle for the right to a 200 mile sea limit, striking hard blows at the imperialists who had plundered their sea resources at will.

As is confirmed fully by the Developing Countries' Conference on Raw Materials, the Summit Conference of the Organization of Petroleum-Exporting Countries, the Conference of Foreign Ministers of Non-Aligned States held last year in Lima, Peru, and the 7th Special Session of the UN General Assembly on the Problems of Development and International Economic Cooperation, the time has gone never to return when the imperialists could oppress and plunder the third world people at will and haggle over and decide their destiny behind the scenes.

In the struggle to set up a new international economic order, the third world people direct the spearhead of struggle against the U.S. imperialists, the chieftain of the imperialist reactionary forces, and are steadily strengthening their solidarity in this sacred common struggle.

The establishment of the Organization of Petroleum-Exporting Countries, the Organization of Iron Ore-Exporting Countries, the Joint Committee of the Governments of Copper-Exporting Countries, the Association of Aluminium-Producing Countries, the Association of Natural-Rubber Producing Countries, the International Bauxite Association, the Latin American Power Organization, the Union of the Latin American Banana-Exporting Countries and the Union of Latin American Sugar-Exporting Countries—this fully proves that the third world countries vigorously fight unity against imperialist arbitrariness and pillage and for the establishment of a fair and reasonable order in the international economic relations.

The Asian, African and Latin American peoples who lived in darkness and poverty with no rights whatsoever, on account of unheard-of imperialist exploitation and plunder, subjugation and oppression for centuries, have risen resolutely in a struggle to put a permanent end to the cursed history of sufferings imposed upon them by the imperialists and are winning brilliant victories in succession. It is perfectly obvious that when the third world people completely liquidate old and new colonialism in Asia, Africa and Latin America, regain their countries' lost resources and achieve their full economic liberation through their struggle, the imperialists who maintain their life by depending on these continents will not be able to survive any longer.

Quite alarmed by this, the U.S.-led imperialists are trying in every way to check the powerful advance of the third world people and maintain their old international economic order. But this is nothing but a last-ditch effort of those on the brink of ruin.

The third world people will destroy the old international economic order set up by the imperialists and establish a new one guaranteeing complete equality and independence, and certainly build new, free, independent and ever-prosperous Asia, Africa and Latin America free of exploitation and oppression, by stubbornly fighting in firm unity under the banner of anti-imperialism and independence and oppressed and the commonness of their present struggle against imperialism and colonialism and for the country's independent development.

Tanzania denounces the "two Koreas" plot of the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys and carries on brisk activities in the United Nations and other international bodies to support our people's struggle for the country's independent and peaceful reunification without any outside interference.

The Tanzanian Government's resolute step of severing trade relations with the south Korean puppet clique in February this year was a deserved punishment to the Pak Jung Hi military rogues, a despicable running dogs of the U.S. imperialists; it was another expression of support to the people's cause of national reunification.

Our people who are dynamically forging ahead holding aloft the banner of independence, will continue to actively support the just cause of the Tanzanian people and do everything possible to strengthen the friendship and solidarity with them.

(KCNA)

Econ. and Tech. Cooperation

Rodong Sinmun (organ of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea) in an article July 28 holds that the economic and technical cooperation among the non-aligned countries is an important way for building an independent national economy in the shortest possible period by their own efforts, not relying on big powers.

The article says:

Only when the non-aligned countries build an independent national economy can they defend and consolidate the political independence, win the ultimate victory in the cause of national liberation and successfully build themselves into rich and mighty, sovereign and independent states.

For the peoples of the non-aligned countries to successfully carry out the historic task for the building of an independent national economy they should also fully display the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance and, on this basis, strengthen economic and technical cooperation among the countries of the new-emerging forces.

In order to build an independent national economy, they should produce by themselves the main things and what is demanded in great quantities and obtain what is required in small quantities, what falls short of the need and what is not produced at home through economic intercourse with other countries on the principle of filling each other's gap.

If the non-aligned countries mobilise their potentialities and strengthen cooperation, the article declares, they can successfully build an independent national economy by their own strength.

Economic and technical cooperation makes it possible, first of all, to rapidly liquidate the lopsidedness and onesidedness of the economy, an aftermath of the colonial rule, in the newly independent countries and establish an independent and many-sided economic structure.

The economic and technical cooperation among the non-aligned countries also leads them to successfully lay their own solid raw material bases.

The economic and technical cooperation among the non-aligned countries enables them to equip their economy with modern technology in a short period.

The article continues:

The economic and technical cooperation among the countries of the new-emerging forces realised on the basis of a powerful acceleration of economic construction with the labour of the home people and with the home natural resources, the principle of self-reliance strictly observed, is an important way of meeting the main requisites of an independent national economy in a short period with the internal strength of the new-emerging forces.

The economic and technical cooperation among the countries of the new-emerging forces enables them to solve by themselves the problem of funds, one of the bottlenecks and difficulties in the building of an independent national economy.

Only when the peoples of the non-aligned countries struggling under the uplifted banner of anti-imperialism and independence help each other can they achieve common prosperity and accomplish the revolutionary cause of anti-imperialism and independence in a short time.

Therefore, the non-aligned countries should render each other selfless free aid and credit, if necessary.

The free aid and credit with no political and economic strings attached among the countries of the new-emerging forces help raise funds for the building of an independent national economy.

The economic and technical cooperation among the non-aligned countries is, indeed, the most revolutionary way of building an independent national economy in the shortest possible period by their own efforts, without reliance upon big powers, smashing the economic subjugation policy of the imperialists led by the U.S. imperialists and achieving common prosperity.

By further strengthening and developing economic and technical cooperation, the non-aligned countries should successfully build an independent national economy, consolidate the national independence and build a new society free from exploitation and oppression under the banner of anti-imperialism and independence.

Asian Buddhists Peace Conf. in Tokyo Supports Korean Reunification

In Tokyo, the Fourth General Conference of the Asian Buddhists Conference for Peace (ABCP) was held for three days, from July 26 to 28.

From fourteen countries, about 70 delegates and observers participated in this conference.

The delegation of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea could not participate in this conference. It is because the Japanese authorities unjustifiably rejected its entry. Therefore the Korean Buddhists Federation in Japan was authorized to represent it.

The conference endorsed the admission of the DPRK Buddhists Federation to the ABCP.

It discussed the situation in Asia and the world, touched upon the questions of protesting against aggressive war and the total ban on 'nuclear' weapons, and adopted a special resolution on Korea with thunderous applause of the attendants.

The special resolution said:

With due consideration for the fact that the Korean question is the focal point of the Asian and world affairs, we reached an identity of views on the following action program.

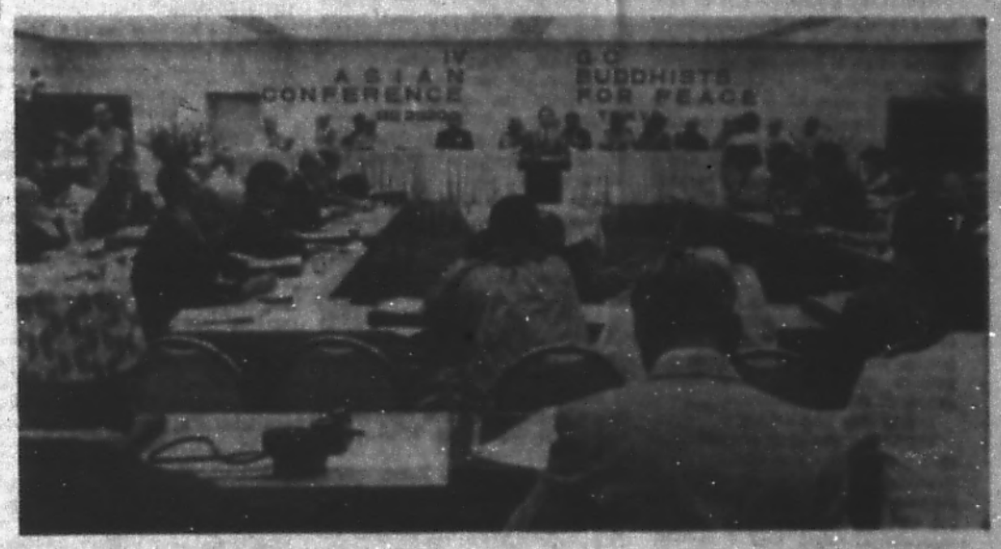
1. To resolutely accuse the U.S. imperialist government and the 'Pak' puppet regime of plotting a 'nuclear' war which will bring about the destruction of mankind, and to strongly protest against the deployment of war materials including 'nuclear', bacteriological and other weapons of massacre in this area. We also protest against the joint military maneuvers which are now being carried out, and call for them to be immediately ceased.

2. To demand that the U.S. government obey the U.N. resolution on the problem of Korea adopted at the 30th General Assembly of U.N., and that it should immediately dismantle its military bases and pull out all military forces from south Korea.

3. To demand that the Japanese government end its collaboration with the U.S.A. and the Pak puppet 'regime' in provoking a new war and perpetuating the division of Korea into the two Koreas and change its unfriendly attitude towards the D.P.R.K.

4. To strongly protest against the military fascist 'regime' which is depriving religionists as well as the people in south Korea of the right to survival and freedom, especially religious freedom, and to request that the evil 'anti-communist law', 'national security law' and 'emergency measures' should be abolished immediately and that the religionists, youths, students and others who are illegally detained should be released at once.

5. Finally we Buddhists must resolutely support the just anti-fascist democratisation struggle of the religionists and people of south Korea and to further strengthen our solidarity with the movement which is promoting the independent and peaceful reunification of their country.



A view of the Fourth Asian Buddhists Peace Conference held in Tokyo, Japan ▶

Press Comments

Pakistan Nationalizes Factories

Rodong Sinmun on July 31 in'a commentary hails the announcement of Zulfikar Ali Bhutto, Prime Minister of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan, on nationalizing over 2,000 private-owned factories and the subsequent establishment of a state-run cotton company and rice-cleaning company in Pakistan.

The commentary says:

This is another big success made by the Pakistani people in the work for building the national economy and national culture and creating a new life on the basis of social justice.

This is a just step which fully conforms with the aspiration and desire of the Pakistani people to consolidate the national independence and build a new Pakistan, free and prospering.

The commentary refers to the successes registered by the Pakistani people in building a new society under the correct leadership of their outstanding leader Prime Minister Zulfikar Ali Bhutto.

The commentary stresses:

The nationalization of private-owned industrial establishments in Pakistan shows the firm determination of the Pakistani people to successfully build a new life with their own efforts.

The successes achieved by the Pakistani people in the struggle for building a new life are common successes of the peoples of the developing countries and contribute to strengthening the might of the countries of the new-emerging forces.

Our people sincerely wish the resourceful and courageous Pakistani people greater success in the struggle for building a new Pakistan, prospering and developing.

Indian Ocean Region Countries Struggle For Peace Zone

The Korean people express active support and firm solidarity for the struggle of the peoples of the Indian Ocean region against the scheme of the U.S. imperialists to turn this region into a new military base and for guaranteeing peace and security there.

So says Rodong Sinmun August 4 in an article headlined "Just Struggle of Peoples of Indian Ocean Countries to Turn This Region into Peace Zone."

The struggle of the Indian Ocean countries against the U.S. imperialists' aggression and scheme to turn this region into a military base is a just one for peace and security in the Indian Ocean and the world, the article stresses.

It condemns the crimes of the U.S. imperialists who have stretched their crooked tentacles of aggression deep into the Indian Ocean region and are unscrupulously stepping up vicious manoeuvres against the peoples of this region, especially working hard to convert the Diego Garcia Island into a military base.

The article says: The moves of the U.S. imperialists are an outright challenge to the Indian Ocean countries calling for the conversion of the Indian Ocean into a peace zone and a grave criminal act disturbing peace and security in this region.

The U.S. imperialists try to hold in check the mounting national-liberation struggle and the struggle of the peoples of the Indian Ocean countries against imperialism and for independence and maintain their colonial domination in this region by reinforcing their military bases in this region, the article remarks, and stresses:

A durable peace in the Indian Ocean can be achieved only when the imperialists' military bases for aggression are dismantled and their aggressive and interventionist manoeuvres are brought to an end.

As long as the imperialists' military bases and armed forces of aggression are left intact, peace is unthinkable in the Indian Ocean.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors must give up the moves to turn the Indian Ocean into a military base and quit there at once, taking along all their armed forces of aggression.

US Blackmail against Middle East Nations

Rodong Sinmun in a commentary August 4 bitterly condemns as a robber's outburst the blare of the U.S. commerce secretary that another oil embargo of the Middle East oil-producing nations could force the United States into a "major military struggle."

This robber-like blast reveals the ugly sight of U.S. imperialism engaged in crafty manoeuvres coupled with double-dealing tactics, the commentary notes.

Recalling that similar brigandish outcries came from Ford and Kissinger last year, it says:

The threat and blackmail of U.S. imperialism against the Middle East oil-producing nations, which are non-aligned, is a wanton interference in the sovereignty of these nations and an intolerable challenge to the entire non-aligned countries and an anachronistic folly.

These provocative outcries of the U.S. imperialists are clear indication that their aggressive nature remains utterly unchanged and they are a gang of truculent aggressors who stoop to any infamy for their aggressive end.

The commentary continues:

In their open military threat and blackmail against the Middle East countries, the U.S. imperialists seek the sinister aim of bringing the people in this region to their knees and robbing them of a larger amount of oil. Their other chief aim is to intimidate the countries of the new-emerging forces, the non-aligned countries, with a "big stick," into giving up the joint action against the arbitrariness of imperialism and for the establishment of a new international order and, thereby, help themselves out of their serious economic crisis.

Facts show that U.S. imperialism is the chieftain of aggression and war meddling in others' internal affairs by "strength" and increasing tension everywhere and is the truculent common enemy of the countries of the new-emerging forces, the non-aligned countries.

If the U.S. imperialists venture an armed invasion of the Middle East countries, they will run up against the united strength of the people in this region and face a collective resistance of the non-aligned countries, warns the commentary.

Jamaican People Frustrate Anti-Gov't Intrigue

Papers here on August 4 carry commentaries warmly hailing the Jamaican people's victory in frustrating an anti-government intrigue of the right-wing reactionaries manipulated by the U.S. imperialists.

Denouncing the U.S. imperialists who instigated the right-wing reactionaries to various criminal acts—arson, terrorism, etc. a commentary of Rodong Sinmun says: Through the incident in Jamaica the U.S. imperialists revealed their truculent nature as the strangler of the freedom and independence of the countries of the new-emerging forces, the non-aligned nations, and the very one obstructing the advance of the peoples.

The exposure and crush of the anti-government intrigue in Jamaica is a blow to the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys persistently trying to detach her from the road of anti-imperialism and independence, remarks the commentary.

The uncovering and crush of the heinous plot of subversion and overthrow hatched by the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys powerfully demonstrate the Jamaican people's unshakable determination to oppose imperialist subjugation and firmly defend the country's sovereignty and national dignity, it stresses.

The commentary expresses firm solidarity with the Jamaican people in their just struggle.

Tanzanian People's Struggle for Realizing "Arusha Declaration"

Minju Choson (organ of the Government of the DPRK) on Aug. 6 in an article expresses solidarity with the struggle of the Tanzanian people, upholding the ideal of the "Arusha Declaration."

The article notes that the struggle of the Tanzanian people is a worthwhile struggle for doing away with the aftermath of imperialism and colonialism and building a new life and a just struggle for consolidating national independence and achieving the country's independent development.

Referring to the successes made by the Tanzanian people through a vigorous struggle for defending political sovereignty and achieving the country's prosperity and development under the leadership of president Julius K. Nyerere after the publication of the "Arusha Declaration", the article says:

Korea and Tanzania are far away from each other geographically. But they are linked by close bonds for the commonness of their position in the past when they had been humiliated

Solidarity with Korean People

The voices of support to the Korean people's just cause of struggle for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country are ringing ever louder in the non-aligned countries.

The non-aligned countries and the progressive public circles express full support and firm solidarity for the fair and above-board national reunification policy advanced by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and the just struggle of the Korean people for its realisation and manifest their resolution to fight vigorously on the side of the Korean people for the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea.

"Considering the maintenance of Korea's split to be the constant threat to the peace and security of Asia and the world, holding that an end must be put to the interference of outside forces in Korea and the Korean people be ensured the right to self-determination so they may be allowed to solve their question by themselves and achieve the peaceful solution of the question of Korea's reunification and taking into account the desire of the Korean people for national reunification and the unanimous opposition of the Korean people to the proposal for the simultaneous entry of two Koreas into the United Nations, which will lead to a permanent split of the country, the Fourth Summit Conference of the Non-Aligned Countries demands the withdrawal of all the foreign troops stationed in south Korea and an end to all forms of outside interference in the internal affairs of Korea...

"It declares that Korea's entry into the United Nations must be realised under the single state name after the complete reunification of Korea or after the institution of a north-south confederation" ("Resolution on the Korean Question" adopted at the Fourth Summit Conference of the Non-Aligned Countries).

"The coordination bureau reaffirms its support to the policy of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea for solving the Korean question independently and peacefully by the efforts of the Korean people themselves without any interference of outside forces, on the basis of great national unity as laid down in the July 4, 1972, north-south joint statement.

In order to remove all tensions and danger of a new war in Korea and realise Korea's reunification, it is necessary, above all, to withdraw all the foreign troops present in south Korea under the U.N. flag, dismantle the foreign military bases and replace the Korean Armistice Agreement with a peace agreement" (final communique of the meeting of the coordination bureau of the non-aligned countries published in Algiers in early June this year).

"The Standing Committee of the Supreme People's Assembly and Government of the Lao People's Democratic Republic and the Lao people strongly condemn the U.S. imperialists' manoeuvres in persisting in their bellicose policy and increasing tension in Korea to ignite again a war seriously menacing peace and security in Asia and the world.

"The Supreme People's Assembly and Government of the Lao People's Democratic Republic and the Lao people maintaining fraternal friendship with the Korean people and adhering to an invariable position in extending unshaken militant solidarity with and support to the Korean people in their just struggle for the independent and peaceful reunification of their country, demand that in compliance with this position, the United States government discontinue at once all its military provocations against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and withdraw all its troops from south Korea for a durable peace in many parts of the world" (a letter of the Standing Committee of the Supreme People's Assembly of the Lao People's Democratic Republic).

"The Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly of the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen expresses full solidarity with the Korean people in the struggle against the presence of the U.S. imperialist aggression forces in south Korea and sternly denounces the aggressive designs of the United States and the south Korean 'regime' against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, considering that arms reinforcement on the part of the United States and the south Korean 'regime' wrecks peace and security in this area.

"The Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly of the PDRY warmly supports the just policy of the DPRK for the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea and strongly demands the immediate withdrawal of the U.S. forces from south Korea in accordance with the resolution of the 30th Session of the U.N. General Assembly" (a statement of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly of the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen).

"The conference reaffirms its support of the policy for the independent and peaceful reunification without any foreign interference in its internal affairs advocated by the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and demands that all foreign troops that remain stationed in south Korea under the United Nations flag be withdrawn and the present Korean Military Armistice Agreement be replaced with a peace agreement, in order to convert the armistice into a durable peace in Korea and to create favourable conditions for accelerating the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea" ("Lima Programme for Mutual Assistance and Solidarity" adopted at the Conference of Foreign Ministers of Non-Aligned States held in Lima).

"...Socialist Yugoslavia, a member state of the non-alignment movement, has always called for the right to self-determination of all peoples, the right independently to decide one's destiny by oneself and the right to choose a road of one's development without outside interference and has fully supported and will continue to support in the future your Government's efforts for achieving the country's peaceful reunification on the basis of the principle of unity and programme set forth by President Kim Il Sung of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea" (Chairman of the Federal Republic of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia).

"As to the Korean question, we, being faithful to the principles of the unity of peoples and territorial integrity of the nations, firmly and fully support your efforts for Korea's peaceful reunification.

"Such support is, of course, natural.

"We will always stand on your side until the foreign occupation forces are withdrawn and your national goal is attained completely" (Houari Boumediene, Chairman of the Council of Ministers of Algeria). (KCNA)

U.S. Troops Commit 147 Cases Of Criminal Acts

PANMUNJOM, Aug. 5 (KCNA)—The U.S. imperialist aggressors and the south Korean puppet clique hell bent on the provocation of a new war in Korea committed 147 cases of criminal acts of all kinds against our side on the ground, in the sky and sea in the period between June 22 and August 2.

This was exposed by the senior member of our side at the 378th meeting of the Military Armistice Commission held on August 5 at Panmunjom at the proposal of our side.

According to the statement of major general Han Ju Gyong, senior member of our side, the south Korean puppet army brought into the Demilitarized Zone heavy and automatic weapons on 42 occasions and committed rifle firing against our side on 49 occasions in this period.

On July 23 and 26 the U.S. imperialist aggression forces sent the high-speed, high-altitude reconnaissance plane "SR-71" into the air above the Demilitarized Zone to conduct an espionage act.

Such criminal acts committed by the U.S. imperialist aggressors and the south Korean puppet clique in the air in this period numbered 22 cases.

In the same period the south Korean puppet army infiltrated escort craft and other naval ships into the coastal waters of our side 34 times and committed espionage acts.

On June 25 they committed the criminal act of firing an Honest John in the vicinity of Sayori near the Demilitarized Zone in the central sector of the front.

On the other hand, the U.S. imperialist aggressors continue to ship into south Korea new type weapons, combat equipment and aggression forces.

On July 21, high-ranking officials of the U.S. Administration announced that the United States had supplied the south Korean puppet army with "Redeye anti-aircraft missiles of latest type" in June in accordance with "the agreement reached at the ninth ROK-U.S. security consultative meeting" held in Hawaii some time ago.

Besides, the scoundrels introduced into south Korea, unnoticed, the infamous U.S. 8th tactical fighter wing.

The senior member of our side stated: All this goes to prove that the manoeuvrings of the U.S. imperialists to provoke a new war have reached a serious stage and that they are hastening in mad haste the preparations for a war to invade the north.

He exposed that the U.S. imperialist aggressors sought in this to prop up the tottering south Korean puppet clique at whatever cost, keep Korea divided into "two Koreas" indefinitely and invade the whole of Korea and Asia using south Korea as their military strategic base.

* * *

The Pak Jung Hi puppet bandits who are hastening to unleash a new war under the manipulation of U.S. imperialism committed the grave military provocation of firing 57 mm recoilless guns and large-calibre machine-guns at a post of our People's Army in the Demilitarized Zone south of Chukdong in the central sector of the front at 9 hours 45 minutes August 5.

The sentinels of our People's Army there who were always guarding the frontline post of the socialist fatherland as firm as an iron wall immediately took counter-measures and thoroughly smashed the provocation of the enemy.

Such provocations repeatedly committed by the Pak Jung Hi puppet bandits in the area along the Military Demarcation Line were timed to coincide with the recent large-scale additional introduction of new type weapons and combat equipment into south Korea by the U.S. imperialist aggressors and patently show that the manoeuvres of the enemy to ignite a war in our country have reached an extremely outright and grave stage.

The Korean People's Army will not tolerate in the future, too, any provocative manoeuvre of the enemy against us but will take a powerful step to make the provokers pay proper price.

S. Korean puppet troops are conducting a frantic war exercises.

U.S. Presence Threatens Peace In Korea, Asia

The occupation of south Korea by U.S. imperialism and its aggressive policy are the chief obstacle to the reunification of Korea and the main factor of threat to peace and security in Korea and Asia.

Peace in Korea and Asia cannot be maintained and consolidated nor the reunification of Korea be achieved either as long as the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops remain in south Korea.

So declared Rodong Sinmun on July 28 in an article headlined "The U.S. Imperialists' Occupation of South Korea Is a Basic Factor Threatening Peace in Korea and Asia."

The article quotes the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung as teaching:

"The United States wants to take hold on south Korea for ever as a major stronghold to save its colonial ruling system which is going into total bankruptcy in Asia."

The U.S. imperialists are trying to block the reunification of Korea, turn south Korea into their permanent colony and raw material base and a foothold for tightening their control over Japan and keep hold on it as the forward base to invade the whole of Korea and Asia, says the article.

It denounces the U.S. imperialists for choosing Northeast Asia as the main target of attack in their Asian aggression and directing the spearhead of attack particularly against Korea, putting forward a more vicious aggressive tenet called "new Pacific doctrine" after Indochina.

The article continues:

The U.S. imperialists are reshaping their "Asian military strategy" and amassing their armed forces of aggression in south Korea, while building and expanding military bases to turn south Korea into a military strategic stronghold.

They remodeled the operation commanding system commensurate with their plan for aggression and keep shipping new type weapons into south Korea to reinforce their aggression forces and strengthen their equipment.

Some time ago, they brought into south Korea from the base in Thailand the notorious U.S. 8th tactical combat air group which had acquired "practical experiences" in the Vietnam war of aggression and shipped into south Korea various kinds of ammunition including rocket shells on the largest scale from their powder depot in Japan.

They have established sea and air "transport systems" to promptly throw their aggression forces into the Korean War from the U.S. mainland, Japan and Pacific region according to their "plan for emergency logistic support" and "plan for standing army deployment" and are reorganizing their Okinawa-based troops so as to concentrically hurl them into a forestalling attack and a short war in case of a new Korean war.

It is nobody's secret that, having increased the U.S. troops occupying south Korea by thousands, the U.S. imperialists reinforced their main equipment with "F-4-E Phantoms," "Lance" missiles and other latest-type equipment and keep the fighter planes of the U.S. 5th air force based in Okinawa on the alert to make sorties to the Korean front at any moment.

This is a military step that can be taken by the imperialists only on the eve of the provocation of a war of aggression.

After turning south Korea into a powder depot and a drill ground, the U.S. imperialists stage almost every day, on this basis, war exercises together with the south Korean puppets to attack the northern half of the Republic.

The article goes on:

Under the pretext of "establishing an air support system" to cope with "an emergency situation," the U.S. imperialists plan to bring the new-type transport planes "A.C.-130" into south Korea and conduct a "separate exercise" and a "joint exercise."

At the same time, the U.S. imperialists perpetrate more frequently vicious military provocations against our side on the Military Demarcation Line. The cases of violation of the armistice agreement including military provocations against the northern half of the Republic ran into over 28,000 last year alone.

Pointing out that the U.S. imperialists are zealously drawing even the Japanese reactionary forces into their policies of aggression and war in Korea, the article continues:

A virtual triangular military alliance system is taking shape among the United States, south Korea and Japan.

By militarily linking the Japanese aggression forces with the south Korean puppets, the U.S. imperialists are actively inveigling the former into the execution of their policies of aggression and war, and are taking a series of military steps to turn Japan into an advance base, starting base and supply base for their Korean operations.

The so-called "U.S.-Japan defence consultative subcommittee" made public by the U.S. imperialists at the end of repeated military confabs with the Japanese reactionaries some time ago is a "joint operation headquarters" set up for a uniform command of the U.S.-Japan joint military operations in preparation for a war of aggression in Korea and a military tool for Asian aggression.

By openly claiming that Japan's "offer of conveniences" to the United States is a "matter falling within the framework of the Japan-U.S. security pact", the U.S. imperialists and the Japanese reactionary ruling circles themselves disclose that this is for an aggressive purpose against the Korean people and the peace-loving people of Asia and the world.

Owing to the U.S. imperialists' new war provocation manoeuvres, an extremely grave situation in which a war may break out at any moment has actually been created in Korea today and there is a serious danger of the Asian peace and security, moreover the global peace being disturbed with the Korean Peninsula as the blasting fuse.

The article emphasizes:

No illusion must be harboured about U.S. imperialism, the chieftain of world reaction, ringleader of aggression and war and the most heinous international exploiter.

Only when the Asian people intensify their common struggle against the U.S. imperialists can imperialists be forced to withdraw from south Korea at an early date, peace in Korea and Asia be maintained and consolidated and the cause of Korea's reunification be promoted.

The U.S. imperialist aggressor forces must stop increasing tension in our country, as demanded unanimously by the entire Korean people and world people, must immediately pull out of south Korea, taking along all their weapons, in conformity with the resolution adopted at the 30th Session of the U.N. General Assembly. (KCNA)

Shown here are "F-4-E Phantom"s belonging to the U.S. 314th air force division based in Osan.

S. Korean Military Staffers Refuse Recall

Four staffers of the south Korean puppet embassy in Washington disobeyed the order of the Pak Jung Hi fascist clique to return to south Korea, according to a report of the July 15 issue of "Sinhan Minbo", a newspaper of Korean residents in the United States.

They are military attaches of the puppet embassy— "colonel" Mun Han Sik, "major" Kim Il Ok, "commander" Choe Hyon Sik and "inspector" Kang Gyong Gu, all puppet army officers in the active service. When the order came, they tendered their resignation and went into hiding, the report said.

As to the motive of their refusal of the order of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, the newspaper said that it was "hatred for the dictatorship, discontent with change of host and worry about the education of their children after their return to south Korea".

Referring to the reason why they refuse to return to south Korea, the newspaper wrote:

It is rumoured that "they went into hiding when the order came as their superior in charge of the military section of the embassy in washington was arrested on charges of involvement in an abortive military coup d'etat in south Korea".

The refusal to return to south Korea is not confined to staffers of the puppet embassy in the United States alone. "More than 20 similar cases occurred among embassy staffers abroad," the newspaper pointed out.

Korea Verges on War

The U.S. imperialists, as already reported, took an unpardonable military step whereby it brought to south Korea some time ago the Thailand-based U.S. eighth tactical combat air group which had earned itself an ill fame in the war of aggression against the Indochinese people.

It has been the constant strategic actions hastened by the U.S. imperialists in the recent years to amass aggression forces in south Korea and its surroundings from other parts of Asia for the purpose of provoking a war against the Korean people.

They shipped into south Korea a large force of aggression troops who had gained "practical experiences" in the Indochina war of aggression, together with the combat equipment they had used there, and brought more than 1,000 men of their force from Thailand.

The U.S. imperialists keep their Okinawa-based fifth air force, which operated in the Indochina war of aggression, ever ready for sorties to the Korean front. Recently, they perpetrated another provocative act when they moved Guam-based "B 52" strategic bombers to the Okinawan base for the fourth time on July 13.

These changes of deployment and transfer of the air force have been coincided with the frequent threatening outbursts of the war-like bosses of U.S. imperialism conceding that "the operations in Korea would depend on the decisive role of the air force." It is a well known fact that the beasts have brought into south Korea different types of fighter-bombers including "F-4 Phantoms" capable of carrying nuclear weapons and the tactical combat air group from Japan proper and the Okinawan base and formations of "F-111" fighter-bombers from the U.S. mainland.

They also frequently bring attacking carriers and warships belonging to the U.S. seventh fleet, Pacific fleet, to south Korean port and coastal waters.

It was disclosed long ago that the U.S. imperialists brought nuclear weapons of different types from the U.S. mainland and Japan region and deployed them on the ground and sea of south Korea.

South Korea and its surroundings have now turned into a dangerous war base where all kinds of aggression forces of the U.S. imperialists are densely deployed. Crying for a "forestalling attack" by these aggression forces, the U.S. imperialists are putting spurs to the preparations for an attack on the northern half of the Republic, while further concentrating them near the Military Demarcation Line.

It must be noted that they are going to move the headquarters of the U.S. 314th air force division based in Osan, south Korea, to Ryongsan, Seoul, soon.

The concentration of aggression forces on south Korea by the U.S. imperialists indicates that they are runing head foremost toward a new war with it as their stepping stone. This is a product of their last-ditch efforts to prop up at whatever-cost their crumbling foothold of aggression in Korea and Asia and evade being finally kicked out of this region.

It is, after all, for starting a war of aggression that the U.S. imperialists are amassing their aggression forces in south Korea.

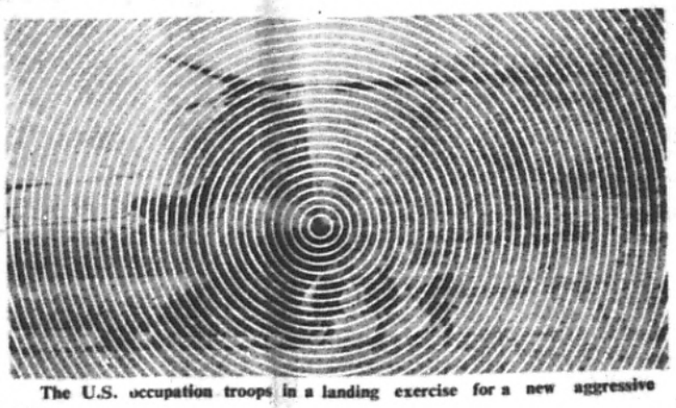
This is well illustrated by the fact that they mobilise the aggression forces concentrated in south Korea and its surroundings in provocative war gambles of large scale they practise with the puppets, while increasing tension in Korea.

Displaying such ridiculous operational plans as the "nine-day operation plan" and "five-day operation plan" designed to "conquer" the whole of Korea by a short war, the U.S. imperialist war-thirsty elements are playing with fire to carry them into practice. On July 13, they brought Guam-based "B 52" strategic bombers and "K.C.-135-A" tankers to Okinawa and kicked up a row of war exercise.

The U.S. imperialists use the vast waters from Okinawa, Japan, to Pohang, south Korea, and the nearby lands and the skies above them as a theatre of constant war exercises and frequently commit large-scale war gambles of all services.

In this they seek to carry into practice the strategy of wholesale invasion from the lands and seas and skies of the southern part of the Korean Peninsula in accordance with the operational plans they have worked out to start a war of aggression against our country.

Suffice it to recall that they hurl into it at a time various types of attacking carriers such as "Midway" and "Tripoli" of the U.S. seventh fleet, and landing craft, the marines and air force based in Japan proper and Okinawa, and the south Korean puppet armed forces.



The U.S. occupation troops in a landing exercise for a new aggressive war.

Their recent war gambles included the "Yellow Dragon Operation" and "Maulex Operation," which were followed by the "south Korea-U.S. navy-marine joint amphibious exercise" in the Pohang area covering the period from June 28 and July 7.

By bringing formations of ultra-modern fighter-bombers "F-111" into south Korea from the U.S. mainland, they carried out an exercise of a "south Korea-U.S. joint air raid and nosedive operation" against us and now plan a "local mobile exercise" for throwing aggression forces and weapons of mass destruction with the uptodate transport planes for attack "A.C.-130."

The U.S. imperialist war-maniacs openly blare that all these large-scale war gambles are intended for the provocation of a Korean war. The commander of the U.S. third marine division stationed in Okinawa who had commanded the direct hurling of the marine force into war exercises in south Korea, declared that "Korean Peninsula is the focal point in Asia" where the armed force under his command "might possibly go in the future" and that it "is fully prepared to be promptly mobilised in case of emergency."

While feverishly creating a war climate by their criminal war gambles, the U.S. imperialists are manipulating the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique to further convert the whole of south Korea into a war base for invading the northern half of the Republic and put fresh muscles in mad haste into the system for mobilising the man-power and material resources of south Korea lock, stock, and barrel for the purpose of war against the northern half of the Republic.

The fever pitch at which the U.S. imperialists are working to convert south Korea into their war base and arsenal is vividly illustrated by the fact that they designated south Korea as the only place in the world for the stockpile of war supplies in fiscal 1977 and decided to make a large appropriation to this end.

As can be seen in the above, south Korea is being further converted into a powder depot convered with dense networks of military bases and establishments.

No less heinous is the criminal scheme of the U.S. imperialists to enlist all the man-power of south Korea as cannon-fodder. Besides the puppet army more than 700,000 strong and "the homeland reserve defense forces" over 3 million strong, they knocked into shape "the student homeland defence corps" 1,400,000 strong and the "civil defense corps" more than 3,700,000 strong, and are frantically driving them into war exercises.

It must not be overlooked that the U.S. imperialists are inveigling the Japanese reactionaries into the sinister scheme for the provocation of another war against the Korean people.

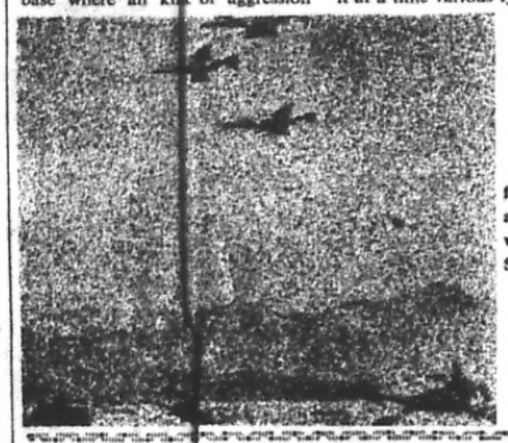
According to their insidious plan to make the Japanese reactionaries their accomplice in the aggressive line, they rigged up of late what they call "U.S.-Japan defense consultative sub-committee," thus rounding off the virtual U.S.-Japan "joint operational command" for a war of aggression in Korea and advancing a step forward the military tieup among the U.S., Japan and the south Korean puppets against the Korean people.

All the facts go to clearly prove that the U.S. imperialists have gone to a very grave extent in their criminal manoeuvres to start a new war of aggression against our people.

This can never pass unnoticed by the Korean people struggling to preserve peace in Korea and achieve the independent and peaceful reunification of the country or by the peace-loving people the world over who actively support them. Our people are vigilantly watching the moves of the enemies within and without who seek a way out in war adventures.

If the U.S. imperialists, remaining deaf to the repeated warnings of our people, race headlong on the road of new war adventures in Korea, they will suffer a heavier defeat than that they sustained 23 years back.

They must look straight into the reality and stop running indiscreetly and must get out of south Korea at once with all their aggression forces. (KCNA)



latest-type fighter bombers are taking part in war exercises in S. Korea.

Heavy Penalties Demanded For 18 S. Korean Democrats

The Pak Jung Hi clique staged a trial on Aug. 3 at the puppet Seoul district criminal court, and imposed penalties ranging from three to ten years imprisonment upon Kim Dae Jung, former "presidential" candidate, and other south Korean democrats on charges of involvement in March 1 "declaration for democracy and national salvation."

It was the 13th trial of the 18 personages involved in this case.

In the trial, the government prosecutors demanded a 10-year prison term and "suspension of qualifications" for the same period for Kim Dae Jung and professor Mun Ik Hwan.

Seven-year imprisonment was demanded for Mrs Lee Tae Yong, south Korea's first woman lawyer; three Catholic priests; four ex-professors and a Protestant clergyman.

The prosecution also demanded a five-year term for Priest Li Hae Dong and an ex-professor and a three-year term for two other priests.

The defence counsels had walked out in a protest and the judge set the next session for Thursday.

At that time, the prosecutors were unable to present their case against former south Korean "president" Yun Bo Son and to others because the law governing trial procedures stipulates that a defendant older than 70 years must have a defense attorney present when he is tried.

But two days later, the prosecution sought a 10-year prison term and "suspension of qualifications" for Yun Bo Son and Christian leader Ham Sok Hon, and demanded a 7-year prison term for opposition national assemblyman Chong Il Hyong.

The fascist trial of 18 personages, from political, religious, and learned circles continued from May 3. They were charged with being involved in the "declaration for democracy and national salvation" which demanded that Pak resign as "president" and that the "yushin" constitution and the "emergency decrees" be abolished.

The Pak clique must unconditionally release all the detained democratic figures and students, abolish the "emergency decrees" and all the other fascist orders and stop repressing the people at once.

Chongryun's Statement

The Central Standing Committee of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongryun) on Aug. 4 issued a statement in accordance with the fact that the Pak Jung Hi clique on Aug. 3 imposed severe penalties of up to 10 years' prison terms upon south Korean democratic personages at the 13th trial of the "declaration for democracy and national salvation case." The statement follows:

The Pak Jung Hi military fascist clique on Aug. 3 perpetrated an outrageous act of demanding, on groundless charges of violation of "emergency decree No. 9", long prison terms of 3 to 10 years for 15 south Korean democratic personages and religionists, including Kim Dae Jung, who issued on March 1 a declaration demanding abolition of the "emergency decrees" and immediate resignation of the present "regime".

In this trial, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique who had failed to examine even witnesses and evidence produced by the defence counsels in order to make them criminals by all means imposed the penalties upon them in an awful atmosphere created by the presence in the court of hundreds of special agents of the puppet clique, refusing attendance of their families.

As world public opinion points out, "the declaration for democracy and national salvation" is a very righteous one expressing the national conscience of the signers of this document and reflecting the desire of the south Korean people for the democratization of the society and national reunification. It can never become an object of punishment.

By committing the fascist outrages against the south Korean democratic figures and religionists who signed the declaration, the puppet clique once again revealed their anti-national, anti-popular nature as traitors who have severely suppressed the south Korean people by force of arms and with wicked fascist laws since the very day they set up their puppet "regime" by carrying out a military coup d'etat with arms and made the south Korean society an unprecedentedly large prison. This outrage of theirs is a grave challenge to fair world public opinion for justice and democracy.

We scathingly condemn the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique for their outrages with surging national indignation.

As is widely known, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique is making desperate efforts to maintain their fascist dictatorial "regime" and to extricate themselves from the crisis of their regime condemned by daily rising public opinion by committing a number of suppressive acts all over south Korea.

For this purpose the puppets are aggravating tensions in Korea under the pretext of "national harmony" and "national security".

It is therefore not the south Korean patriotic people but the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique who should be punished— a handful of rulers who are engrossed in all sorts of traitorous acts, plotting to perpetuate the national split and seeking after riches and honors.

With no excuse can the Pak Jung Hi clique conceal their frantic, criminal acts, nor can they escape their destiny of downfall.

The Pak Jung Hi clique must look straight into the reality, discontinue repressive acts against the south Korean people, unconditionally release the arrested south Korean democratic figures including Kim Dae Jung and abolish all the evil fascist laws beginning with the "emergency decrees."

It is unthinkable that the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique forsaken internationally and destined to downfall can keep on holding their regime without aid from the U.S. imperialists and the Japanese ruling circles.

The U.S. imperialists should discontinue to trample down the national sovereignty of the south Korean people, give up their plot to realize their aggressive schemes against Korea by instigating the Pak clique, and withdraw at once from south Korea, taking along all their lethal weapons with them.

The Japanese authorities cannot escape from public censure not only for their failure to settle the Kim Dae Jung kidnapping case but also for permitting special agents of the south Korean puppet clique to commit behind-the-scene maneuverings in Japan.

The Japanese authorities must stop political, economic, military collusion with the Pak clique and must discontinue acts against the will and interests of the peoples of both Korea and Japan and stop manoeuvres to perpetuate Korea's split.

The struggle of the south Korean people for freedom, democracy and national reunification will never be checked by any fascist repression. It will mount higher as the days go by.

We, closely united around the great leader President Kim Il Sung, will do everything in our power to support the south Korean people's struggle, to expel the U.S. imperialists from south Korea and to realize the independent and peaceful reunification of our fatherland.

Kim Dae Jung on trial points his finger at the judge in the Seoul District Criminal Court in objection to the judge's illegal action.

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